



Streaming Report

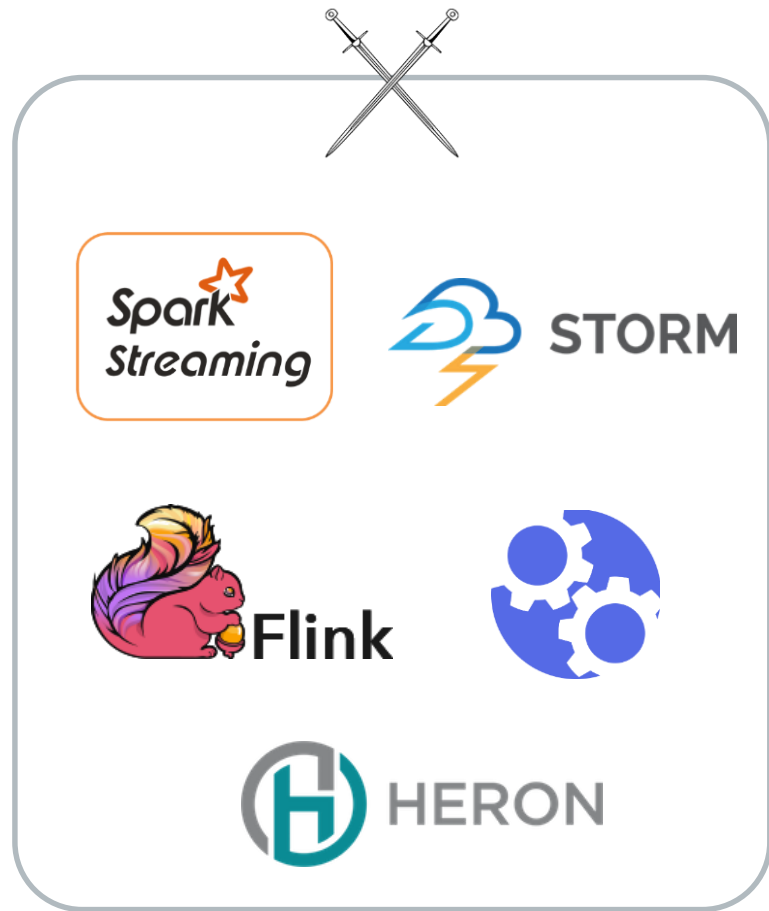
Functional Comparison and Performance Evaluation

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Zhang, Tianlun

Overview

- Streaming Core
- MISC
- Performance Benchmark

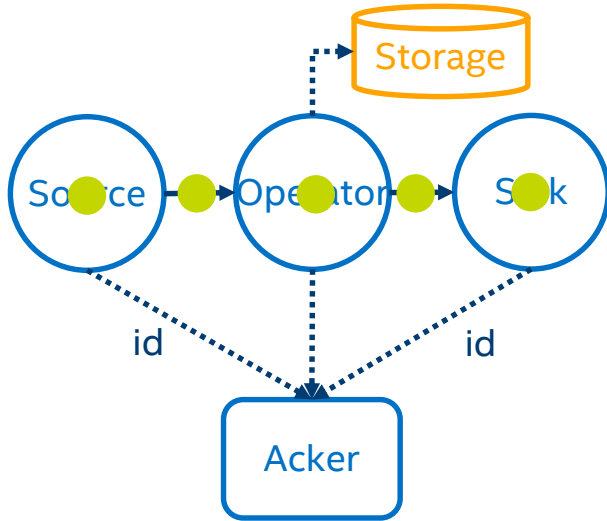
Choose your weapon !



Execution Model + Fault Tolerance Mechanism

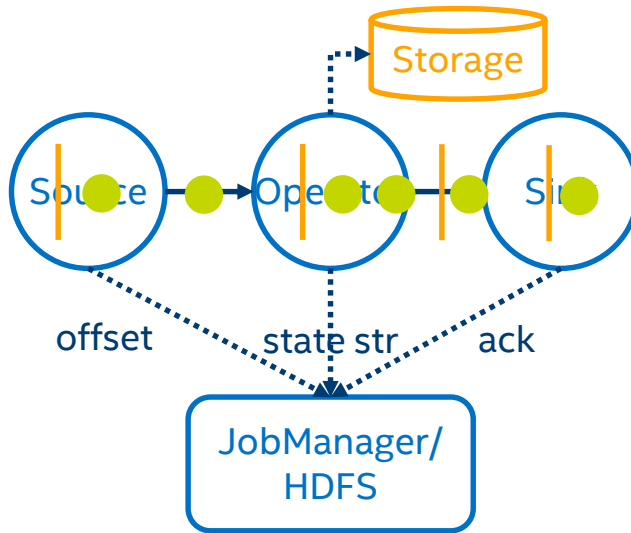
Continuous Streaming

Ack per Record



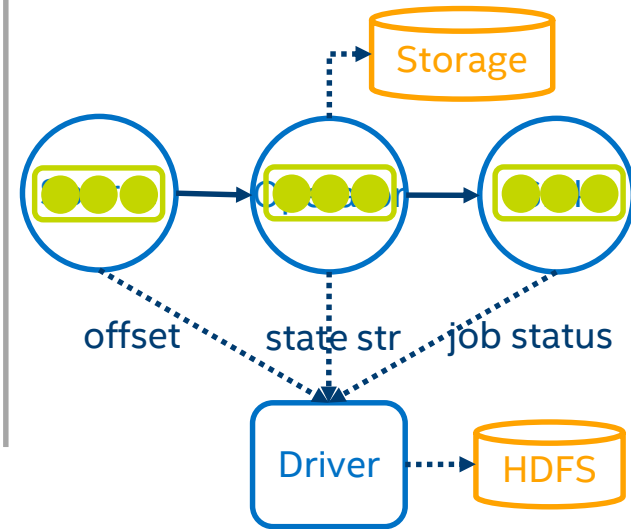
Continuous Streaming

Checkpoint "per Batch"



Micro-Batch

Checkpoint per Batch



This is the **critical** part, as it affects many features

Continuous Streaming

Ack per Record

Storm

Heron

Continuous Streaming

Checkpoint "per Batch"

Flink

Gearpump

Micro-Batch

Checkpoint per Batch

Spark
Streaming

Storm
Trident

Low Latency

High Latency

High Overhead

Low Overhead

Low Throughput

High Throughput

Delivery Guarantee

Storm

Heron

Flink

Gearpump

Spark
Streaming

Storm
Trident

At least once

- Ackers know about if a record is processed successfully or not. If it failed, replay it.
- There is no state consistency guarantee.

Exactly once

- State is persisted in durable storage
- Checkpoint is linked with state storage per Batch

Native State Operator

Storm

Heron

Yes*

- Storm:
 - ✓ KeyValueState
- Heron:
 - X User Maintain

Flink

Gearpump

Yes

- Flink Java API:
 - ✓ ValueState
 - ✓ ListState
 - ✓ ReduceState
- Flink Scala API:
 - ✓ mapWithState
- Gearpump
 - ✓ persistState

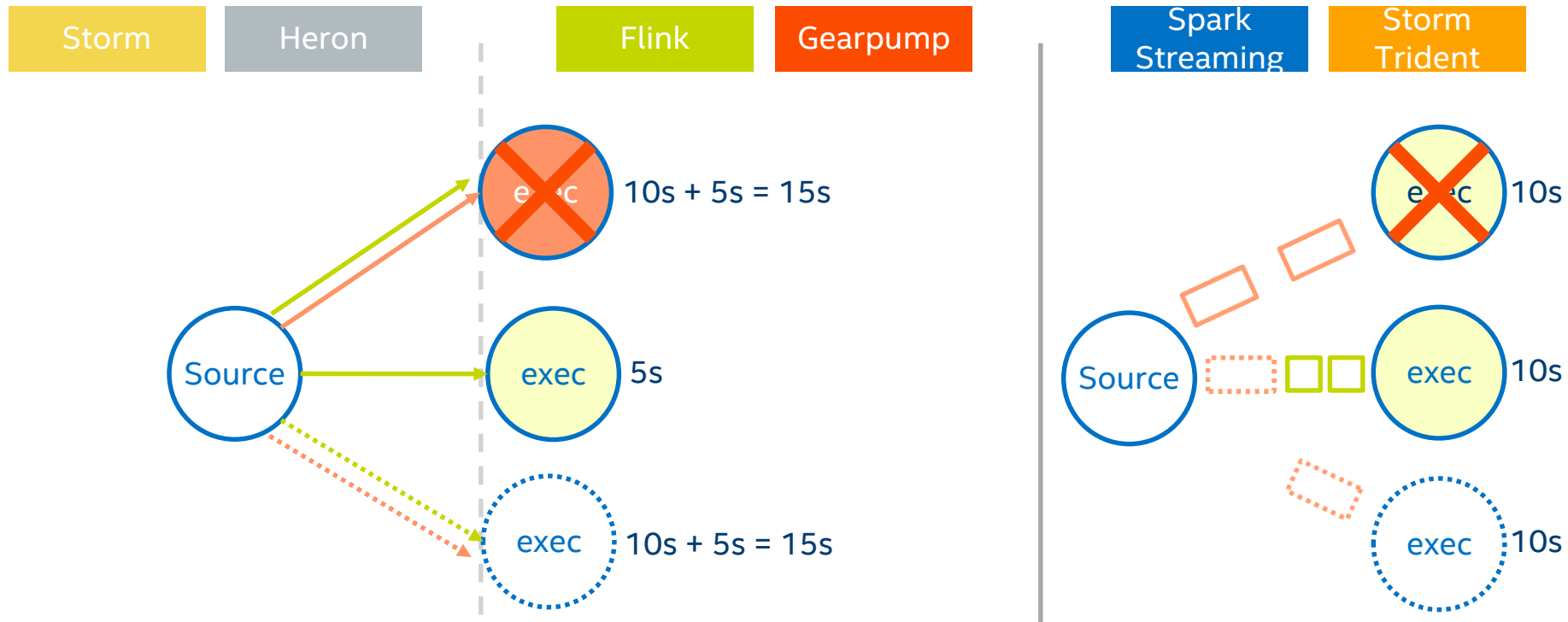
Spark
Streaming

Storm
Trident

Yes

- Spark 1.5:
 - ✓ updateStateByKey
- Spark 1.6:
 - ✓ mapWithState
- Trident:
 - ✓ persistentAggregate
 - ✓ State

Dynamic Load Balance & Recovery Speed

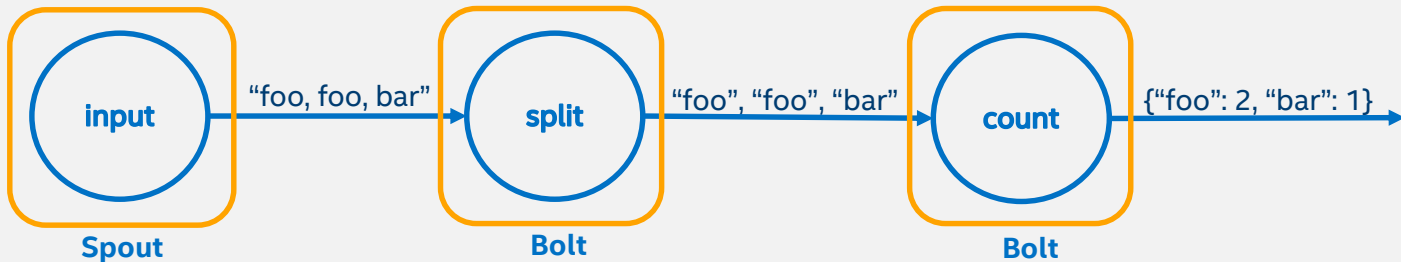


API

Compositional

- Highly customizable operator based on basic building blocks
- Manual topology definition and optimization

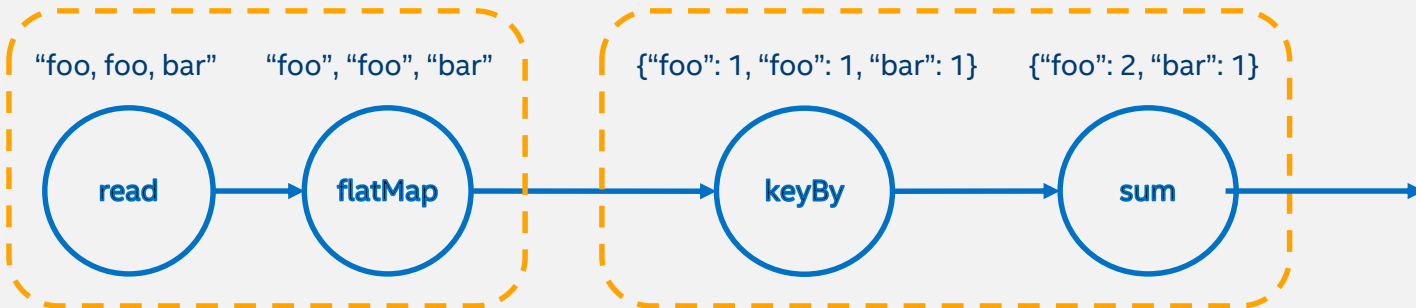
```
TopologyBuilder builder = new TopologyBuilder();  
builder.setSpout("input", new RandomSentenceSpout(), 1);  
builder.setBolt("split", new SplitSentence(), 3).shuffleGrouping("spout");  
builder.setBolt("count", new WordCount(), 2).fieldsGrouping("split", new Fields("word"));
```



Declarative

- Higher order function as operators (map, filter, mapWithState...)
- Logical plan optimization

```
DataStream<String> text = env.readTextFile(params.get("input"));
DataStream<Tuple2<String, Integer>> counts = text.flatMap(new Tokenizer()).keyBy(0).sum(1);
```



Statistical

- Data scientist friendly
- Dynamic type

Spark
Streaming

Storm

Heron*

Python

```
lines = ssc.textFileStream(params.get("input"))
words = lines.flatMap(lambda line: line.split(","))
pairs = words.map(lambda word: (word, 1))
counts = pairs.reduceByKey(lambda x, y: x + y)
counts.saveAsTextFiles(params.get("output"))
```

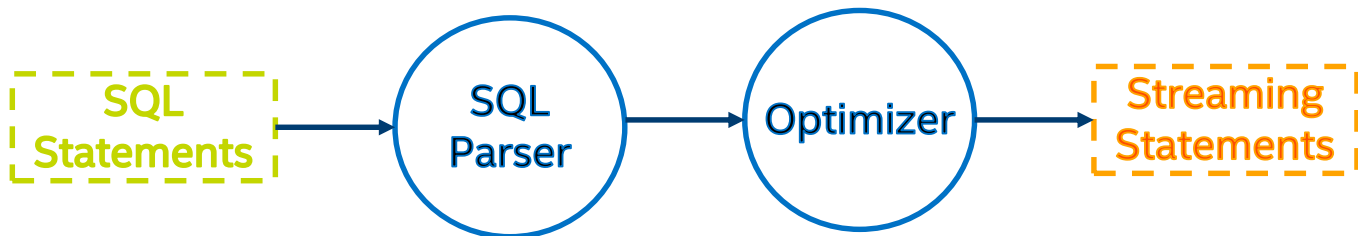
Structured
Streaming*

Storm*

R

```
lines <- textFile(sc, "input")
words <- flatMap(lines, function(line) {
  strsplit(line, " ")[[1]]
})
wordCount <- lapply(words, function(word) {
  list(word, 1L)
})
counts <- reduceByKey(wordCount, "+", 2L)
```

SQL



Fusion Style

Spark
Streaming
Flink

```
InputDStream.transform((rdd: RDD[Order], time: Time) =>
{
  import sqlContext.implicits._
  rdd.toDF.registerAsTempTable
  val SQL = "SELECT ID, UNIT_PRICE * QUANTITY
            AS TOTAL FROM ORDERS WHERE UNIT_PRICE *
            QUANTITY > 50"
  val largeOrderDF = sqlContext.sql(SQL)
  largeOrderDF.toRDD
})
```

Pure Style

Structured
Streaming*
Storm
Trident

```
CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE
  ORDERS (ID INT PRIMARY KEY, UNIT_PRICE INT, QUANTITY
  INT)
  LOCATION 'kafka://localhost:2181/brokers?topic=orders'
  TBLPROPERTIES '{...}'

INSERT INTO LARGE_ORDERS SELECT ID, UNIT_PRICE *
  QUANTITY
  AS TOTAL FROM ORDERS WHERE UNIT_PRICE * QUANTITY >
  50
```

[bin/storm sql XXXX.sql](#)

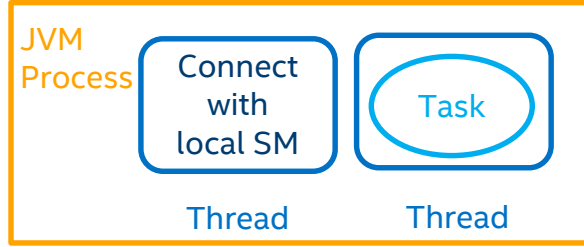
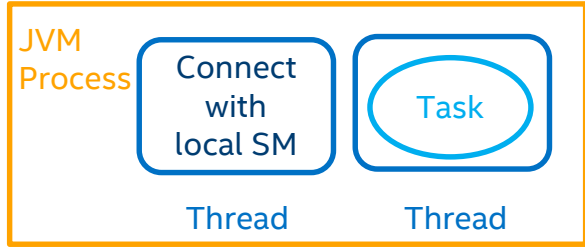
Summary

	Compositional	Declarative	Python/R	SQL
Spark Streaming	X	√	√	√
Storm	√	X	√	NOT support aggregation, windowing and joining
Storm Trident	X	√	X	
Gearpump	√	√	X	X
Flink	X	√	X	Support select, from, where, union
Heron	√	X	√*	X

Runtime Model

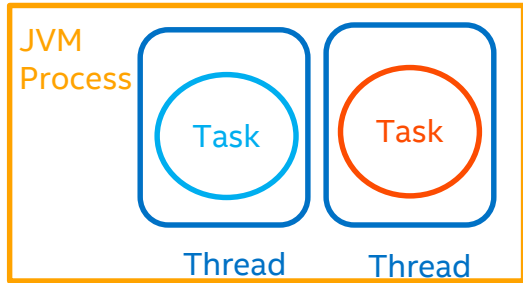
- Single Task on Single Process

Heron

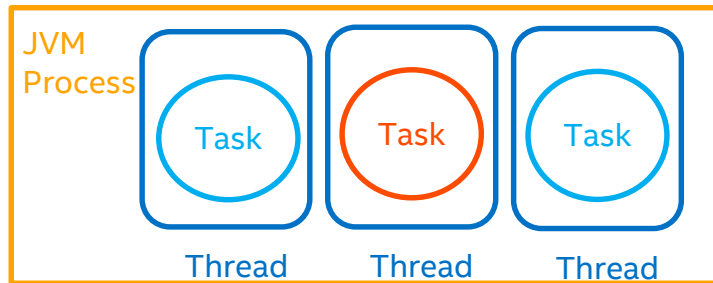


- Multi Tasks of Multi Applications on Single Process

Flink



 task from application A

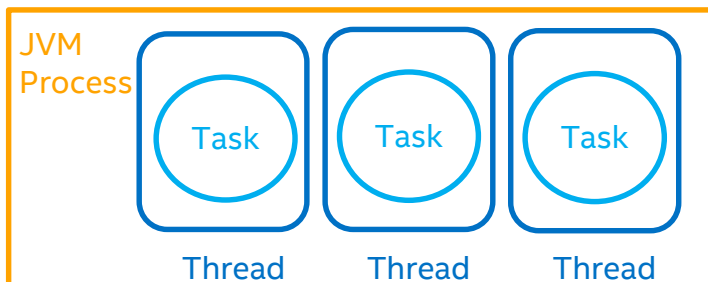
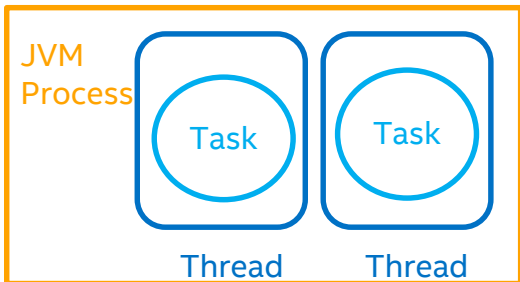


 task from application B

- Multi Tasks of Single application on Single Process

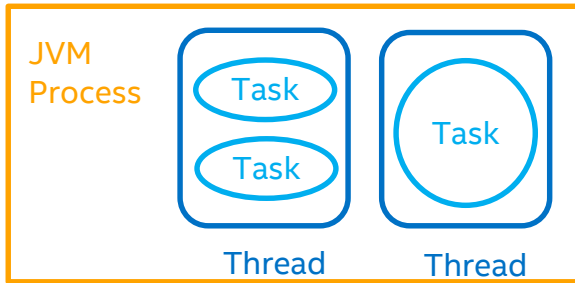
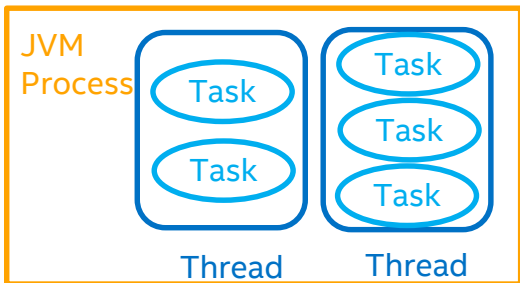
- Single task on single thread

Spark Streaming



- Multi tasks on single thread

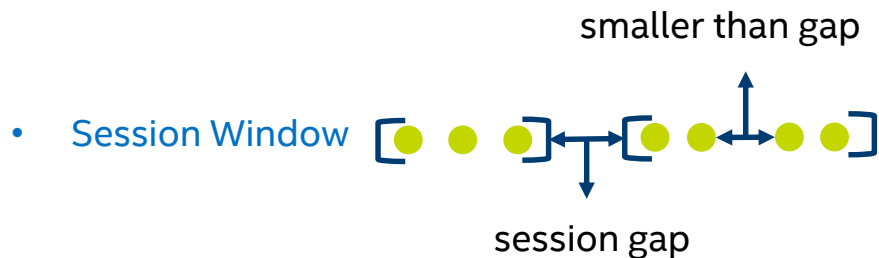
Gearpump Storm Storm Trident



MISC

- Window Support
- Out-of-order Processing
- Memory Management
- Resource Management
- Web UI
- Community Maturity

Window Support



	Sliding Window	Count Window	Session Window
Spark Streaming	✓	✗	✗*
Storm	✓	✓	✗
Storm Trident	✓	✓	✗
Gearpump	✓*	✗	✗
Flink	✓	✓	✓
Heron	✗	✗	✗

Out-of-order Processing

	Processing Time	Event Time	Watermark
Spark Streaming	✓	✓*	X*
Storm	✓	✓	✓
Storm Trident	✓	X	X
Gearpump	✓	✓	✓
Flink	✓	✓	✓
Heron	✓	X	X

Memory Management

	JVM Manage	Self Manage on-heap	Self Manage off-heap
Spark Streaming	√	√*	√*
Flink	√	√	√
Storm	√	X	X
Gearpump	√	X	X
Heron	√	X	X

Resource Management

	Standalone	YARN	Mesos
Spark Streaming	✓	✓	✓
Storm	✓	✓	✓
Storm Trident	✓	✓	✓
Gearpump	✓	✓	✗
Flink	✓	✓	✗
Heron	✓	✓	✓

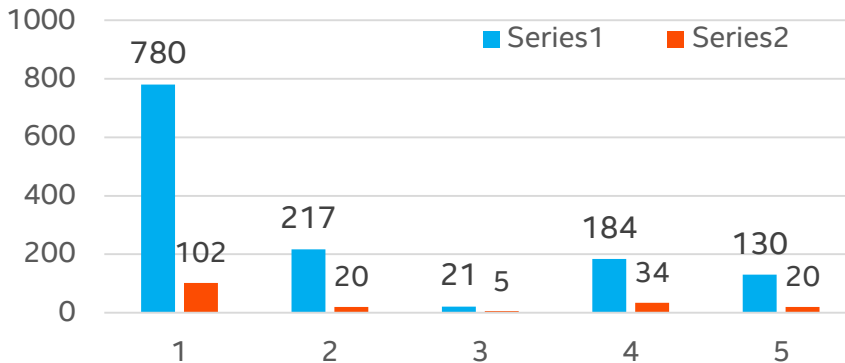
Web UI

	Submit Jobs	Cancel Jobs	Inspect Jobs	Show Statistics	Show Input Rate	Check Exceptions	Inspect Config	Alert
Spark Streaming	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	X
Storm	X	✓	✓	✓	✓*	✓	✓	X
Gearpump	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓*	✓	✓	X
Flink	✓	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	X
Heron	X	X	✓	✓	✓*	✓	✓	X

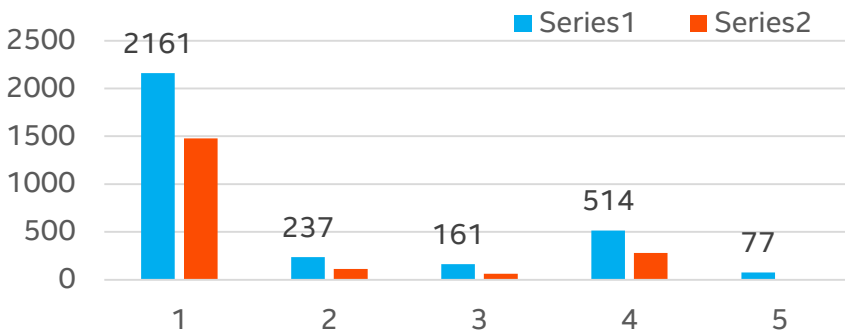
Community Maturity

	Initiation Time	Apache Top Project	Contributors
Spark Streaming	2013	2014	926
Storm	2011	2014	219
Gearpump	2014	Incubator	21
Flink	2010	2015	208
Heron	2014	N/A	44

Past 1 Months Summary on GitHub



Past 3 Months Summary on JIRA



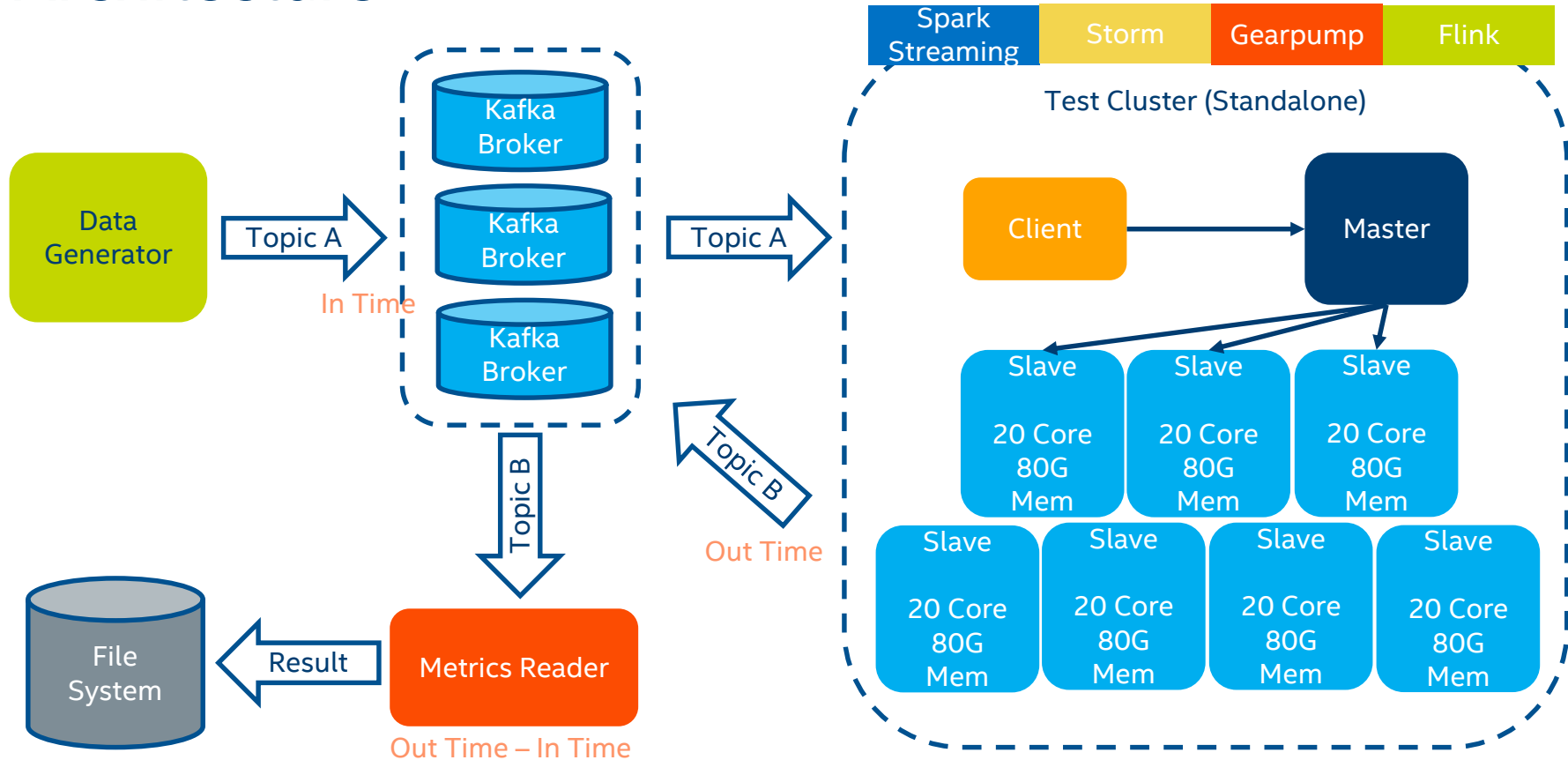
Performance Benchmark

HiBench 6.0

Test Philosophical

- “Lazy Benchmarking”
- Simple test case infer practical use case

Architecture



The Setup

Name	Version
Java	1.8
Scala	2.11.7
Hadoop	2.6.2
Zookeeper	3.4.8
Kafka	0.8.2.2
Spark	1.6.1
Storm	1.0.1
Flink	1.0.3
Gearpump	0.8.1

- Heron require specific Operation System (Ubuntu / CentOS / Mac OS)
- Structured Streaming doesn't support Kafka source yet (Spark 2.0)

Kafka Cluster

- **CPU:** 2 x Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2699 v3@ 2.30GHz
- **Mem:** 128 GB
- **Disk:** 8 x HDD (1TB)
- **Network:** 10 Gbps

x3



Test Cluster

- **CPU:** 2 x Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2697 v2@ 2.70GHz
- **Core:** 20 / 24
- **Mem:** 80 / 128 GB
- **Disk:** 8 x HDD (1TB)
- **Network:** 10 Gbps

x7

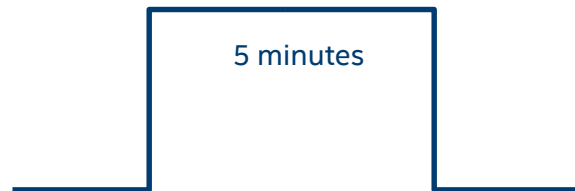
Raw Input Data

- Kafka Topic Partition: 140
- Size Per Message (configurable): 200 bytes
- Raw Input Message Example:

"0,227.209.164.46,nbizrgdziebsaecsecujfjcqtvnpcnxxwiopmddorcxnlijdzgoi,1991-06-10,0.115967035,Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; U; CPU like Mac OS X) AppleWebKit/420.1 (KHTML like Gecko) Version/3.0 Mobile/4A93Safari/419.3,YEM,YEM-AR,snowdrops,1"

- Strong Type: class UserVisit (**ip**, **sessionId**, **browser**)

- Keep feeding data at specific rate for 5 minutes



Framework Configuration

Framework	Related Configuration
Spark Streaming	7 Executor 140 Parallelism
Flink	7 TaskManager 140 Parallelism
Storm	28 Worker 140 KafkaSpout
Gearpump	28 Executors 140 KafkaSource

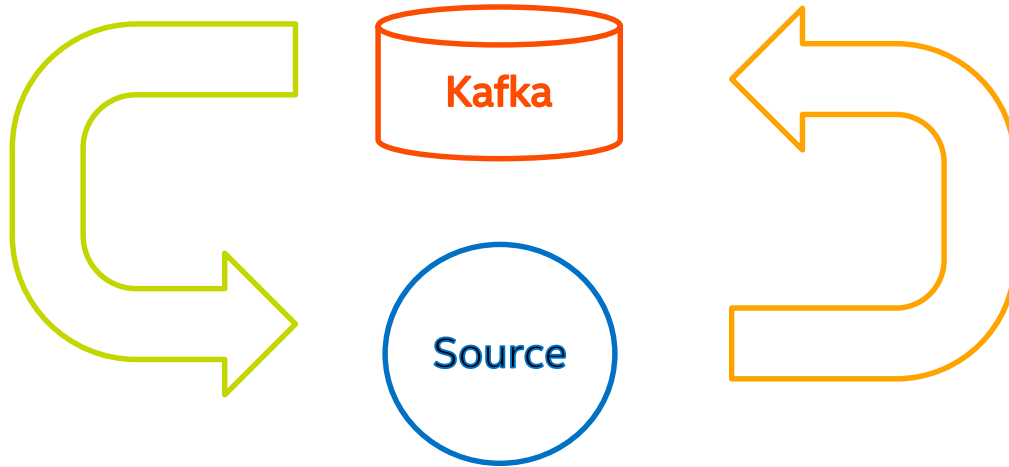
Data Input Rate

Throughput	Message/Second	Kafka Producer Num
40KB/s	0.2K	1
400KB/s	2K	1
4MB/s	20K	1
40MB/s	200K	1
80MB/s	400K	1
400MB/s	2M	10
600MB/s	3M	15
800MB/s	4M	20

Let's start with the simplest case

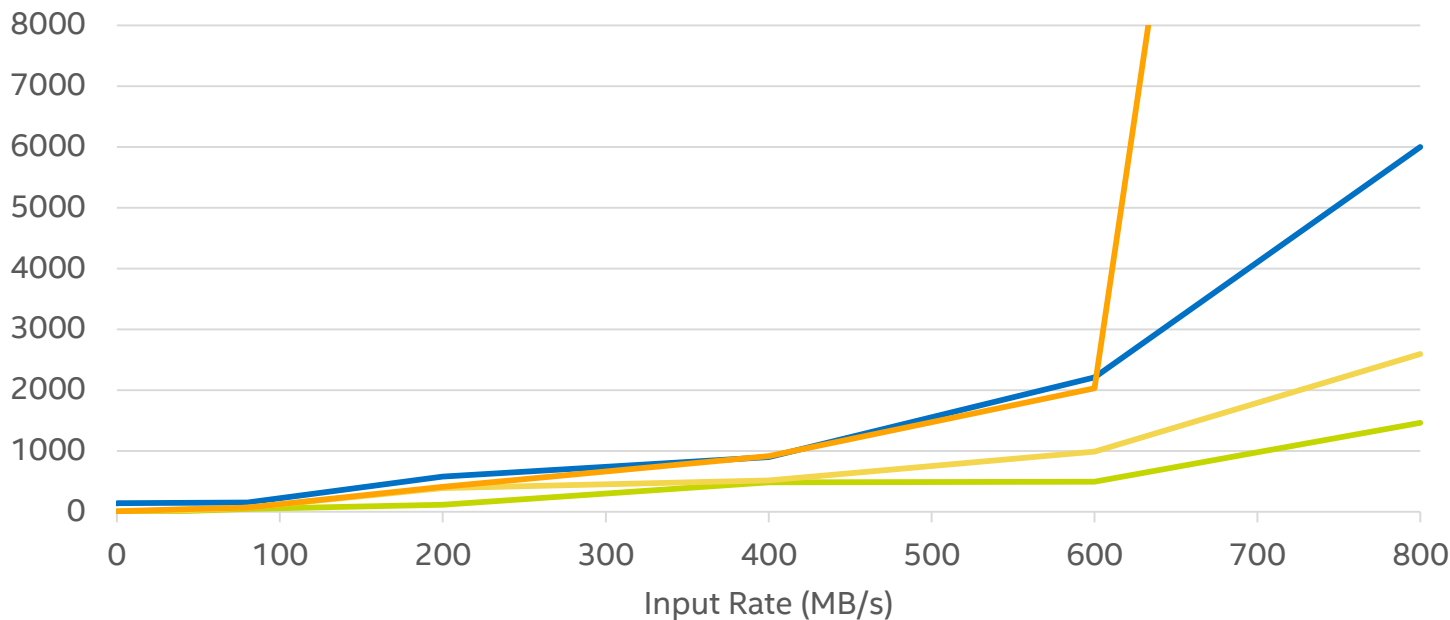
Test Case: Identity

The application reads input data from Kafka and then writes result to Kafka immediately, there is no complex business logic involved.



Result

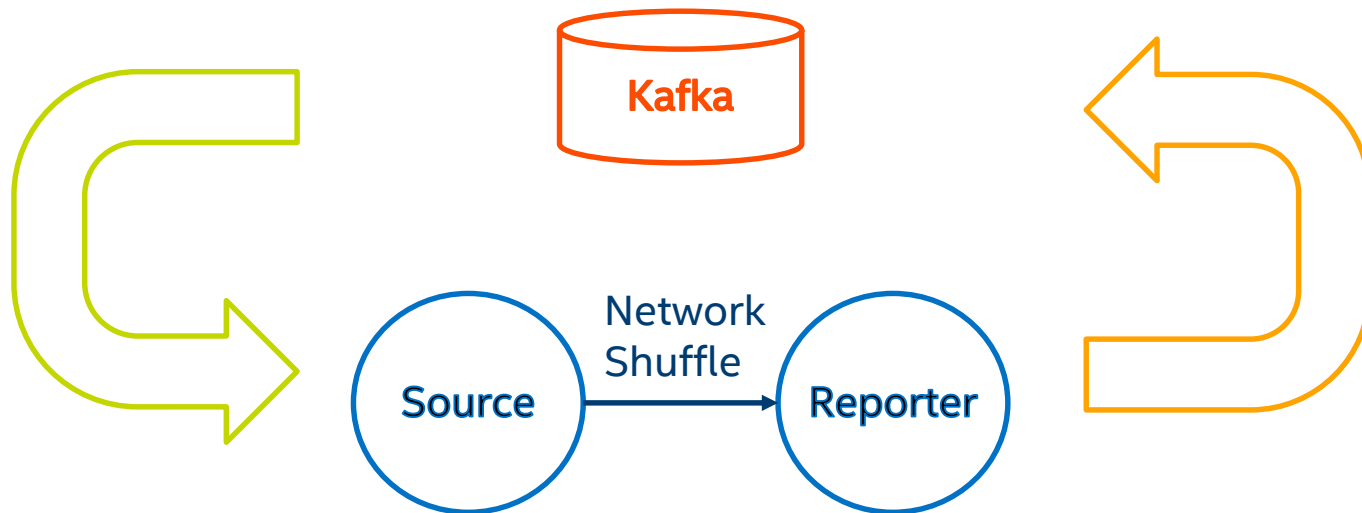
P99 Latency (ms)



Q: What if source data are skew or even packed?

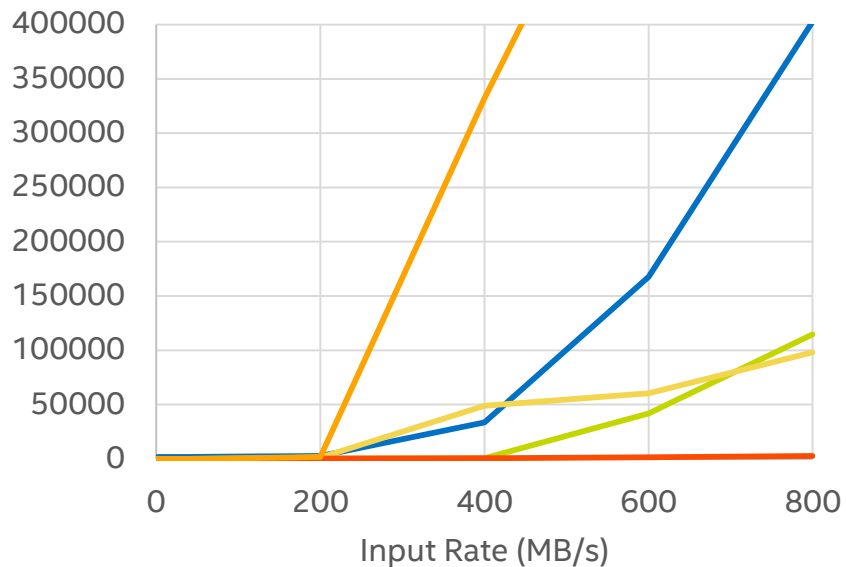
Test Case: Repartition

Basically, this test case can stand for the efficiency of data shuffle.



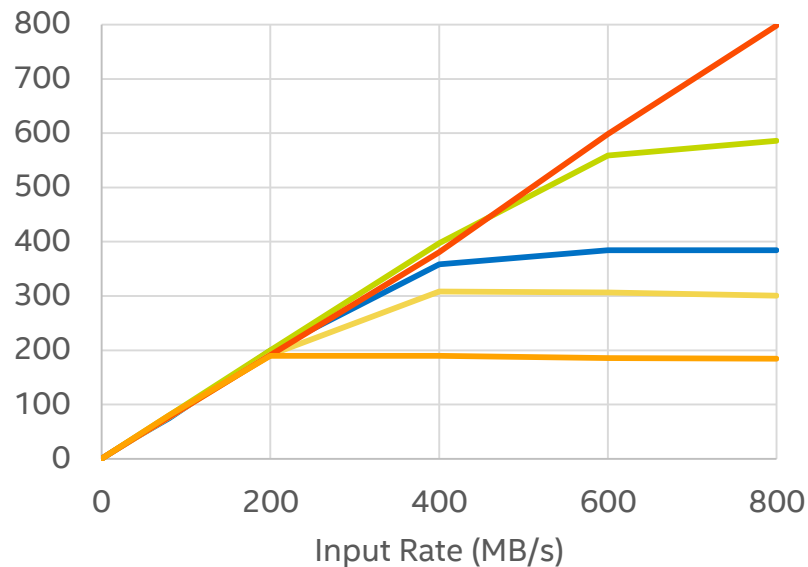
Result

P99 Latency (ms)



Series1 Series2 Series3
Series4 Series5

Throughput (MB/s)



Series1 Series2 Series3
Series4 Series5

Observation

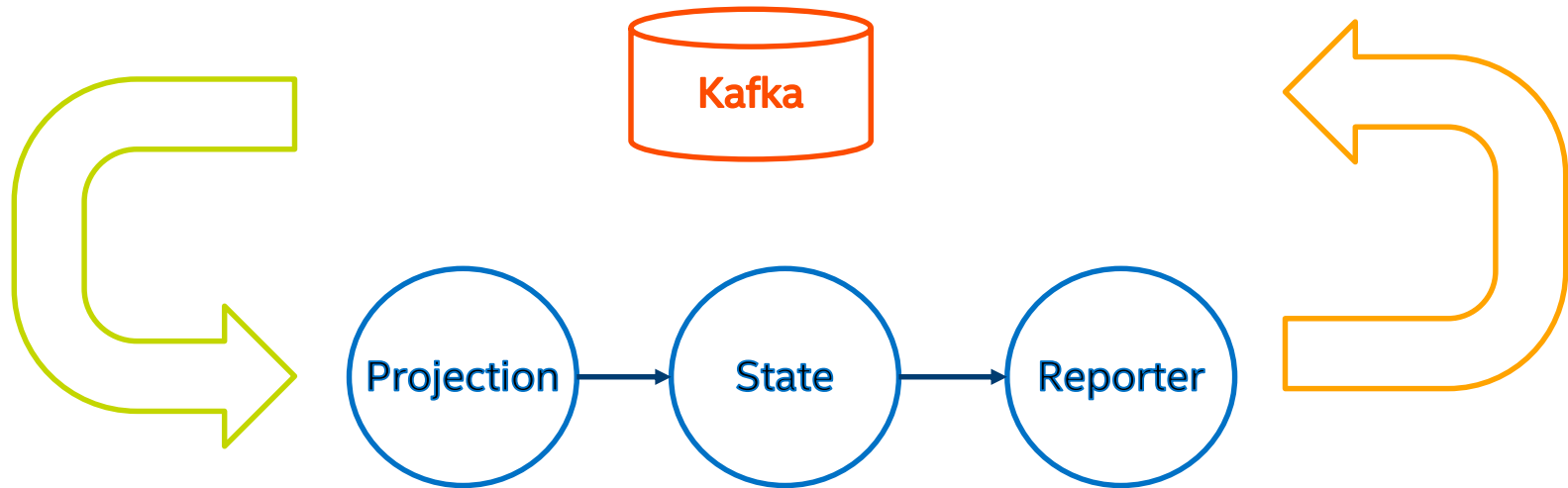
- Flink and Storm has close performance and are better choices to meet **sub-second SLA** requirement if no repartition happened.
- Spark Streaming need to schedule task with additional context. Under tiny batch interval case, the overhead could be dramatic worse compared to other frameworks.
- According to our test, minimum Batch Interval of Spark is about 80ms (140 tasks per batch), otherwise task schedule delay will keep increasing
- Repartition is heavy for every framework, but usually it's unavoidable.
- Latency of Gearpump is still quite low even under 800MB/s input throughput.

Q: What if I want to apply slightly complex logic which need to maintain entire state?

Test Case: Stateful WordCount

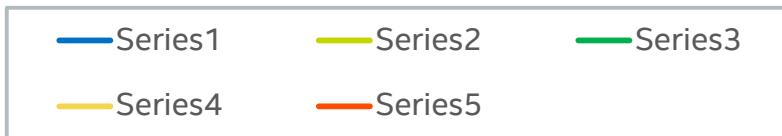
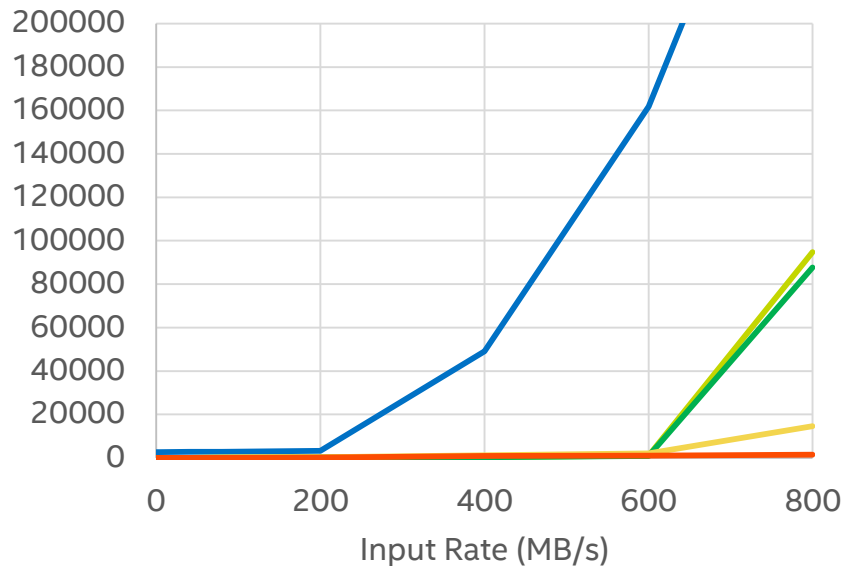
Native state operator is supported by all frameworks we evaluated

Stateful operator performance + Checkpoint/Acker cost

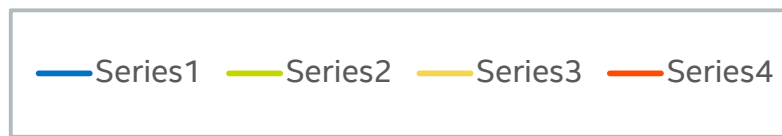
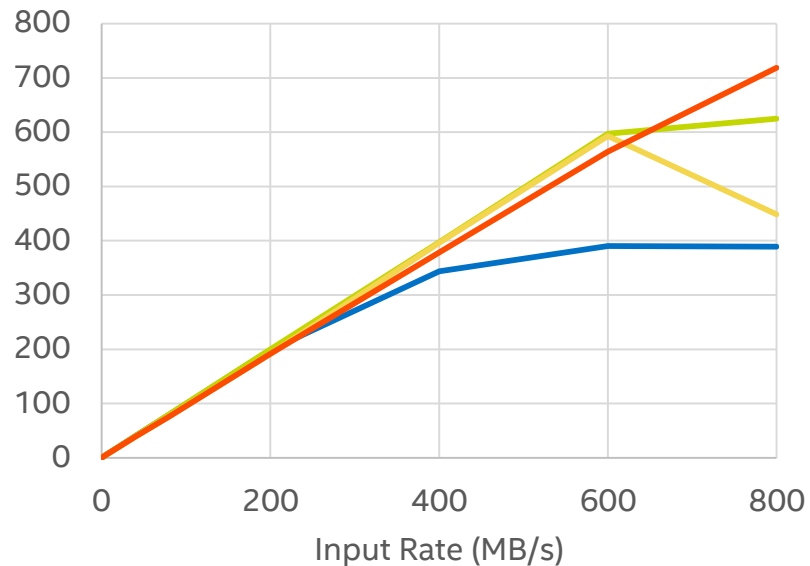


Result

P99 Latency (ms)



Throughput (MB/s)



Observation

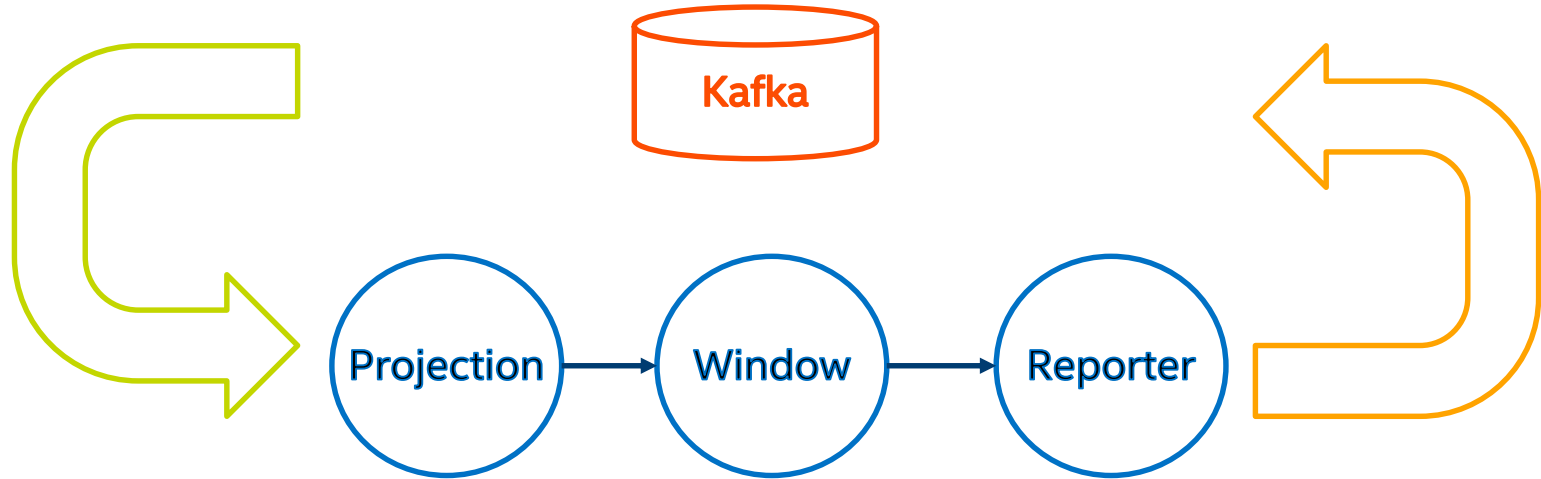
- Exactly-once semantics usually require state management and checkpoint. But better guarantees come at high cost.
- There is no obvious performance difference in Flink when switching fault tolerance on or off.
- Checkpoint mechanisms and storages play a critical role here.

Q: How about Window Operation?

Test Case: Window Based Aggregation

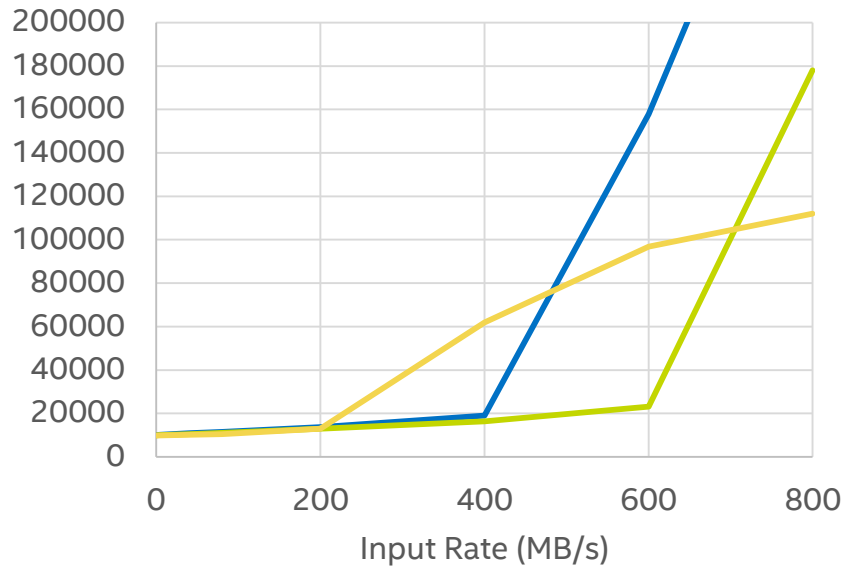
This test case manages a 10-seconds sliding window.

Latency = End2End – window.duration



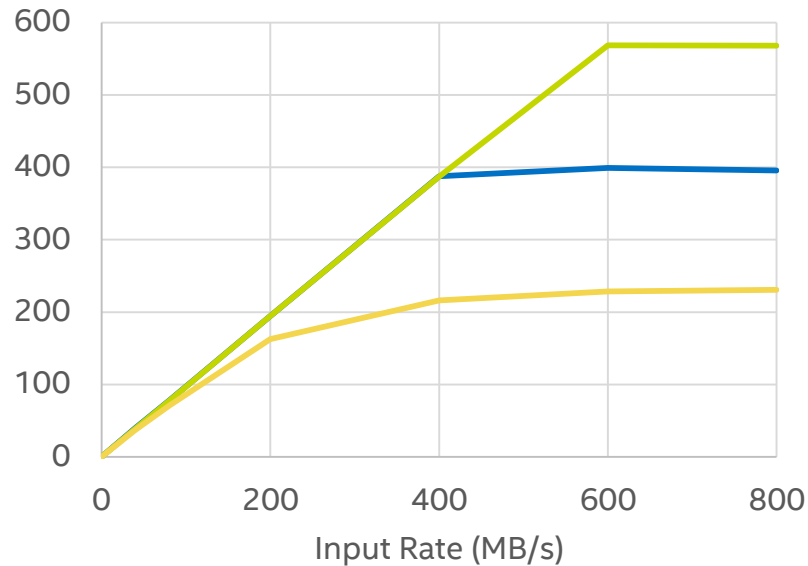
Result

P99 Latency (ms)



Series1 Series2 Series3

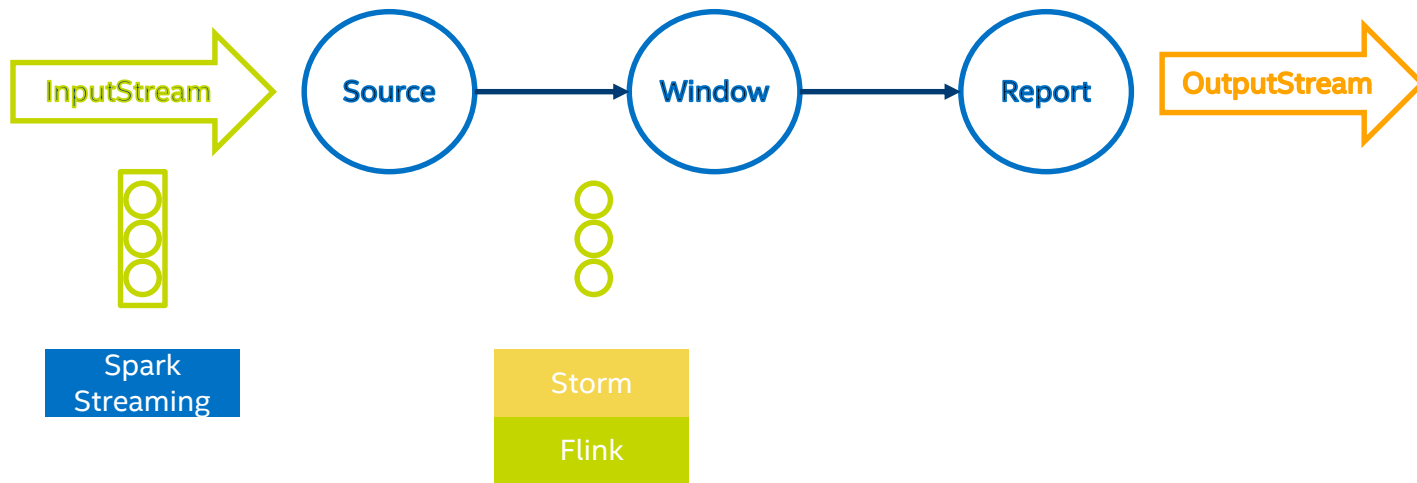
Throughput (MB/s)



Series1 Series2 Series3

Observation

The native streaming execution model helps here



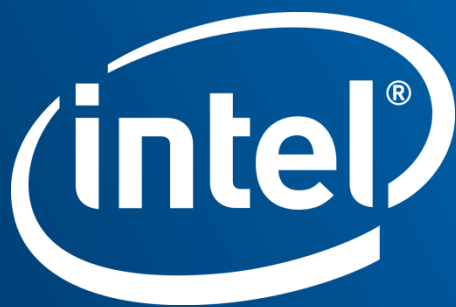
So which streaming framework should I use?

Do your own benchmark

HiBench : a cross platforms micro-benchmark suite for big data
(<https://github.com/intel-hadoop/HiBench>)

Open Source since 2012

Better streaming benchmark supporting will be included in next release
[HiBench 6.0]



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